### § 1924.261

complaint will be handled in accordance with § 1924.259 of this subpart.

#### § 1924.261 Handling complaints involving dwellings covered by an independent or insured home warranty plan.

Borrowers with complaints about dwellings covered by an independent or insured home warranty plan will be instructed to first contact the warranty company and follow the complaint resolution process for that company, with the assistance of FmHA or its successor agency under Public Law 103–354, if needed. If the complaint is not resolved in this manner, it will be handled under §1924.259 of this subpart.

# § 1924.262 Handling complaints involving dwellings constructed by the self-help method.

When a borrower whose dwelling was constructed by the self-help method complains about construction defects, FmHA or its successor agency under Public Law 103-354 will determine whether the defect is the result of work performed by a contractor or work performed by the borrower under the guidance of the self-help group. Defects which are determined to be the responsibility of a contractor will be handled in accordance with §1924.259 of this subpart. Defects determined to be the result of work performed by the borrower are not eligible for compensation under this subpart.

### §§ 1924.263-1924.264 [Reserved]

## § 1924.265 Eligibility for compensation for construction defects.

- (a) To be eligible for assistance under this subpart, the following criteria must be met:
- (1) The approval official, in consultation with the State Architect/Engineer and/or Construction Inspector, must determine that:
- (i) The construction is defective in workmanship, material or equipment, or
- (ii) The dwelling or unit has not been built in substantial compliance with the approved drawings and specifications, or
- (iii) The dwelling or unit does not comply with the FmHA or its successor agency under Public Law 103-354 con-

struction standards in effect at the time the loan was approved or the conditional commitment was issued, or

- (iv) The property does not meet code requirements.
- (2) The claim must be for one or more of the following:
  - (i) To pay for repairs;
- (ii) To compensate the owner for repairs:
- (iii) To pay emergency living or other expenses resulting from the defect; or
  - (iv) To acquire title to property.
- (3) The dwelling or unit must be newly constructed as defined in §1924.253 of this subpart and financed with an insured Section 502 RH loan.
- (4) The claim seeking compensation from FmHA or its successor agency under Public Law 103-354 must be filed with FmHA or its successor agency under Public Law 103-354 within 18 months after the date financial assistance is granted. Defects for which claims are filed beyond the 18-month period must have been documented by FmHA or its successor agency under Public Law 103-354 in the borrower's case file or on the form designated by FmHA or its successor agency under Public Law 103-354 (available in any FmHA or its successor agency under Public Law 103-354 office), prior to expiration of the 18-month period. For loans made to construct a new dwelling or erect a new manufactured housing unit, financial assistance is granted on the date of final construction inspection and acceptance by the borrower and FmHA or its successor agency under Public Law 103-354. Claims must be submitted by completing the designated form (available in any FmHA or its successor agency under Public Law 103-354 office).
- (5) Any obligation of the contractor to correct the defect(s) under a contractor's warranty must have expired, or the contractor is responsible for making corrections under the contractor's warranty but is unable or unwilling to do so.
- (b) Subsequent owners of eligible dwellings or units who are also Section 502 borrowers may be eligible to receive compensation for construction defects. These owners will be notified in accordance with §1924.258 of this